# CAMS

5TH CATEGORY - HISTORIC RACING

#### GROUP Nb

APPROVED VEHICLE SPECIFICATION

This form details the approved specifications of individual vehicle models in the 5th Category Historic car group. To be issued with an Historic Log Book, cars need to comply with these specifications, the physical appearance shown in the illustrations and the general historic rules as detailed in the current CAMS Manual of Motor Sport.

Make of Car:

Ford

Model:

Cortina GT Mk 1\*

Period of Original Manufacture: 1963 - 1966

CAMS Historic Group:

Group Nb

Date of Issue of this Document: January 1999

\*Note: This specification sheet relates to both the early model body (with parking lights separate from the grille) and the 'Aeroflow Ventilation' model introduced in September 1964.



## SECTION 1 - CHASSIS

1.1 CHASSIS FRAME

Description:

Unitary construction

Period of Manufacture:

1963-1966

Manufacturer:

Chassis no. from:

Ford Motor Co. Ltd.

Relevant Body Model codes are 27132 (2 door) and 27232 and

27234 (4 door). Not applicable for "specification only" cars.

Chassis no. location:

Material:

Steel

Comments:

Strengthening of the body shell is recommended by seam welding inside the front strut towers, rear shock absorber towers and along the chassis rails, and the insertion of gussets where the rails

intersect with the floor and the fire wall.

1.2 FRONT SUSPENSION

Description:

Independent McPherson strut, combined with torque reactor and stabiliser bar.

Spring medium:

Coil. Alteration of ride height is allowed by methods employed in

the period.

Damper Type:

Telescopic double acting integrated Adjustable: with McPherson strut tube

No

Allowed: Yes Adjustable: No

Anti-sway bar: Suspension adjustable: Yes

Comments:

See comments below

Method:

The main elements of the front suspension, ie McPherson struts located by track control arms and a forward mounted anti-roll bar which doubles as castor bars, must be retained. Desired camber and castor may be achieved by the relocation of the upper strut mounts, the lower pick-up points in the cross-member, and the sway bar mounts in the chassis rails. The movement of any of these points by up to 1" (25 mm) is acceptable. Shock absorbers may be adjustable internally or externally. Anti-dive characteristics may be achieved by the lowering of the front sway bar mounts using an additional cross member or mounting blocks/spacers.

Additional sway bars are acceptable and may be adjustable.

1.3 REAR SUSPENSION Description:

Live axle located by leaf springs, and upper trailing arms (early models were without trailing arms).

Spring medium:

Multi-leaf semi-eliptic. Alteration of ride height is allowed by methods employed in the period.

Damper type:

Telescopic double acting

Adjustable: No Allowed: Yes Adjustable: No

Anti-sway bar:

No

Method:

Suspension adjustable: Comments:

Leaf springs are free but must use original pick-up points; bush material is free . Axle location may be improved by the use of an A-frame, additional trailing arms, a Panhard rod or a Watts linkage and joints/bushes are free. It should be stressed however that any additional axle-locating components must not override the original components. This means that the car must be driveable at racing speeds with the additional components disconnected. Additional sway bars are acceptable and may be adjustable.

1.4 STEERING

Type:

Recirculating ball.

Make:

Comments:

The original form and type of steering, including rod ends, must

be retained.

1.5 BRAKES

Type:

Dimensions: Material of drum/disc

No. cylinders/pots per wheel:

Actuation:

Comments:

Caliper: Make, Material, Type:

Master cylinder make:

Girling

Girling, cast iron, two pot

Hydraulic Type:

The original Cortina braking system is generally adequate, but pedal boxes employing dual master cylinders with adjustable brake bias may be employed, provided that fitment does not require modification of the bodyshell other than additional bracketry. Discs and drums may be replaced by others of the same thickness, width and diameter. Drums and backing plates may be drilled for lightness and cooling purposes. Disc brake callipers may be replaced by others from the period. The use of a servo is optional. Front brake cooling ducts are advisable.

Front

Disc

244 x 12.7 mm

Cast iron

## SECTION 2 - ENGINE

2.1 ENGINE

Make:

Ford

Model:

116E (5 main bearing pre cross flow engine).

No. cylinders:

Configuration:

In-line

1600cc

Cylinder Block-material:

Cast iron 80.97 mm

Four Stroke

N/A

Bore - Original: Stroke - original:

72.75/72.925 mm

Max. allowed: Max. allowed: Max. allowed:

72.75/72.925 mm

Rear

Drum

229 x 44.5 mm

Cast iron

Capacity - original: Cooling method:

1499.9cc

Water and fan

Identifying marks:

Cylinder block designated 120E at lower left rear.

Comments: Cylinder blocks designated 120E must be used. Datsun 1600 steel cranks are in common use but considerable machining is required and care must be taken not to exceed the original stroke as this will render the vehicle ineligible. Reducing the stroke and increasing the bore is acceptable under the Group Nb rules provided the capacity class limit of 1600cc is not exceeded. Forged pistons and "performance" connecting rods are strongly recommended if 7500 rpm is to be regularly exceeded.

2.2 CYLINDER HEAD

Make:

Ford

No. of valves/cylinder-No. of ports total:

1 Inlet: 8 Inlet:

Location: In cylinder block

Exhaust: Exhaust:

Drive:

1 4

Chain

No. of camshafts: Valve actuation: Push rod and rocker

Spark plugs/cylinder:

NIA

identifying marks:

Comments: The Group Nb regulations allow the use of any original Ford push-rod noncrossflow cylinder head. All other components used in the head assembly such as rockers, rocker shafts and posts, valves and valve springs are free, and the head itself may be modified, only by the removal of metal. The addition of any material is prohibited.

#### 2.3 LUBRICATION

Method:

Wet sump, external oil pump driven off camshaft

located in cylinder block.

Oil cooler standard:

No

Location:

Comments: A high capacity, well baffled sump is essential and a high capacity oil pump and

oil cooler are strongly recommended.

2.4 IGNITION

Type:

Coil and distributor.

Make:

Comments: All components of the ignition system may be replaced by high-performance variants. Electronic ignition is specifically prohibited, but electronic rev-limiters separate from the rev-counter are allowed. Modern electronic rev counters with

laser-type shift lights are not acceptable.

2.5 FUEL FEED

Carburettor: Make:

Weber No:

Model: Original -

28/36/DCD22

Comments:

Original 1 Size:

Twin Weber 40DCOE, 42DCOE and 45DCOE, with relevant manifolding are routinely used. The equivalent Dellorto carburettors

are not acceptable as they were not available pre 1965.

#### SECTION 3 - TRANSMISSION

3.1 CLUTCH

Make:

Type:

Dry Plate

Diameter:

203 mm

No. of Plates: 1

Actuation:

Hydraulic

Internal clutch components, dimensions and materials are free. Original hydraulic actuation is required.

3.2 TRANSMISSION

Make:

Ford

Model:

No. forward speeds: 4

Gearbox location:

Conventional behind engine connected via

bell-housing.

Gear change type and location: Central remote lever

Case material:

Cast Iron

Identifying marks:

Comments: The original 4 speed synchromesh gearbox is generally reliable when used with push-rod engines. Lotus close-ratio gears are recommended, however, when more power is being sought, a purpose-built straight-cut close-ratio gear set, as available from a specialist manufacturer such as Quaife Engineering, is strongly recommended. It should be noted however that the combination of a powerful "cammy" engine and close-ratio gearing requires the use of alternative differential ratios to achieve optimum gearing for each circuit. For those not wishing to pursue the ultimate set-up, a good compromise suitable for most circuits can be achieved by employing 'intermediate' gear rations, ie 1st - 2.97; 2nd - 2.01; 3nd -

1.39; 4th - 1.0; and a 4.4:1 differential.

3.3 FINAL DRIVE

Make: Ford

Model:

Wheel drive method:

Rear drive live axle with differential.

Ratios:

Original 3.9 or 4.4:1

Differential:

Semi floating hypoid Type:

Comments: Fully locked differentials are commonly used although limited slip differentials are preferable. A wide range of differential ratios is available including 4.1, 4.4, 4.7, 4.9, 5.1, 5.3 and 5.65:1. The crownwheel and pinion is the Achilles heel of the Cortina, and care must be taken that sufficient oil is retained in the "banjo" of the housing to ensure adequate lubrication of the differential at all times, particularly through long, sweeping corners. Fully floating axle assemblies are now allowed under revisions to the Group N Rules.

3.4 TRANSMISSION SHAFTS (EXPOSED)

Number: Location: Transmission output shaft to rear axle. Description: Single piece tubular steel tailshaft with two Hardy-Spicer type universal joints.

Comments:

3.5 WHEELS & TYRES

Wheel type: Original: Pressed disc Material: Original: Steel

Allowed: Allowed: Fixture method: Studs

No. studs: FRONT REAR

Wheel dia. & rim width

Original: 4.0J x 13" 4.0J x 13" Allowed 6.C" max 6.0" max

Tyre section: Original: N/A

Allowed: No specific restrictions

Aspect ratio - minimum: €0% Comments: Cortinas were homologated with a range of wheel sizes such that all Cortinas in

Group Nb may run the maximum allowed 6" x 13". Period style alby wheels are recommended, but some 'minilite' style wheels are prone to cracking in competition, and care should be taken if buying second-hand wheels. Wheel spacers may be used to widen the track provided the wheels/tyres remain within

the podywork when viewed from above.

## SECTION 4 - GENERAL

4.1 FUEL SYSTEM

Tank Location: Ficor of boot Capacity: 36.4 litres

Fuel pump, type and location: Orginal, mechanical Make: AC

driven off camshaft.

Comments: The replacement of the original tank with a purpose-made alloy tank or foam-filled fuel cell is strongly recommended. Location must not be changed and where the

fuel filler is located inside the boot, a spill tray draining to the outside is required.

4.2 ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

Voltage: 12 Dynamo/alternator: Originally dynamo, alternator permitted Battery Location:

Originally on right side of engine compartment.

Comments: Replacement of the original generator with an alternator is recommended and to avoid bracket failure through vibration, the alternator may be mounted on the lefthand inner guard. The position of the battery is free, however when moved from its original location the battery tray should also be relocated. An isolation switch

as close as possible to the battery is also required.

4.3 BODYWORK

Type: Unitary construction Material: Steel No. of seats: No. doors: 2 or 4

Comments: Interior and exterior trim must be present in its entirety, and with some models this will include chrome strips around the window surrounds and roof gutters. Australian assembled Corlina GT's were fitted with full length stainless steel body

strips; UK assembled Cortna GT's were not fitted with such body strips.

For safety purposes, a fire-wall of aluminium sheet is required between the luggage compartment and the passenger compartment, including access via the rear pillars.

4.4 DIMENSIONS

Track - Front:

1290 +/-25 mm

Rear:

1270 +/-25mm

Wheelbase:

2489 +/-25 mm

Overall length:

4275 mm

Dry weight:

Original, with water, oil and spare wheel, 790 kg (2 door), 818 kg (4

Comments: In Group Nb, track is free provided the wheels remain within the bodywork. With

some wheel designs, wheel spacers may be used to maximise allowable track.

4.5 SAFETY EQUIPMENT

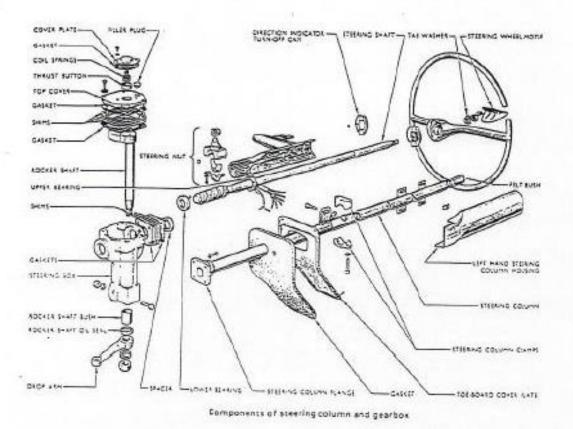
Fire extinguisher required

Seat belt required Rollbar required

Electrical cut off switch required

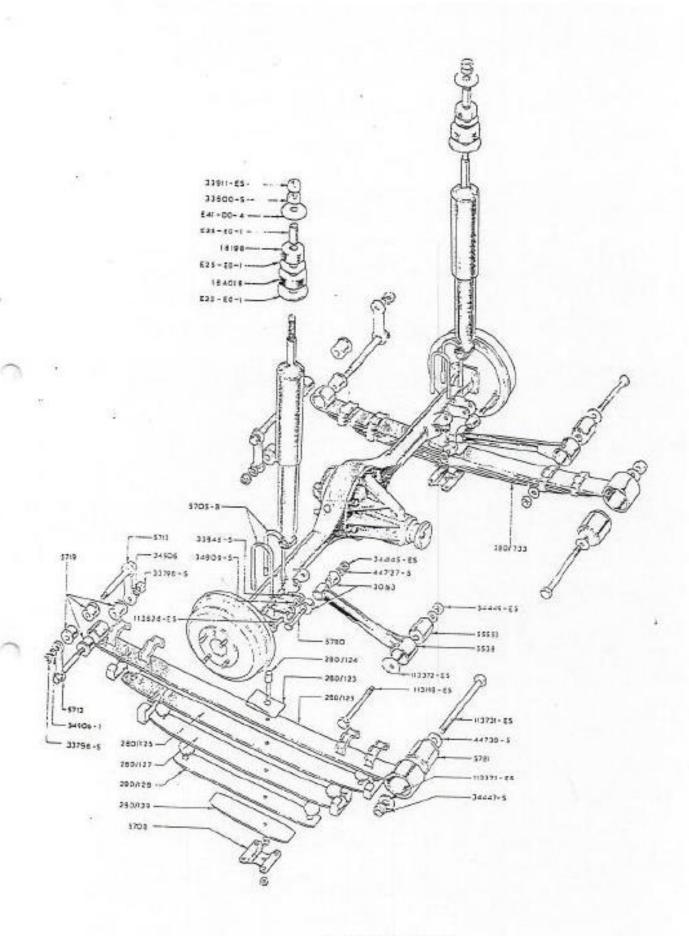
Safety fuel tank optional

FRONT SUSPENSION AND STEERING





Steering linkage shown assembled



CLUTCH HOUSING AND RELEASE MECHANISM